# NIOS/Acad./2021/311/16/E 

National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS)<br>Senior Secondary Course<br>Lesson - 16: Conic Sections<br>Worksheet -16

1. Describe different components of parabola with diagrammatically and list standard equation of parabola.
2. Find equation of the parabola, whose vertex is $(0,0)$ and passing through the point $(7,6)$ and symmetric about $y$-axis.
3. A double ordinate of the parabola $y^{2}=4 a x$ is of length 8 a. Show that the lines from the vertex to its ends are at right angles.
4. Find the equation of the parabola whose focus is $(1,1)$ and tangent at the vertex is $x+y-1=0$
5. The eccentricity of an ellipse is $\frac{1}{2}$ and focus is $(-1,1)$ and directrix is $x-y+3=0$. Find the equation of this ellipse.
6. In an ellipse, the length of major axis is 26 and foci $( \pm 8,0)$. Then find equation of ellipse.
7. A point ' $P$ ' moves such that the sum of its distance from two fixed points is a constant. Prove that the locus of the point ' P ' is an ellipse.
8. Describe different components of hyperbola with diagrammatically and identify the equation of hyperbola.
9. Find the equation of the hyperbola whose conjugate axis is 5 units and the distance between the foci is 15 .
10. Find the area of the triangle formed by the lines joining the vertex of the parabola $x^{2}=12 y$ to the ends of its lotus rectum.
