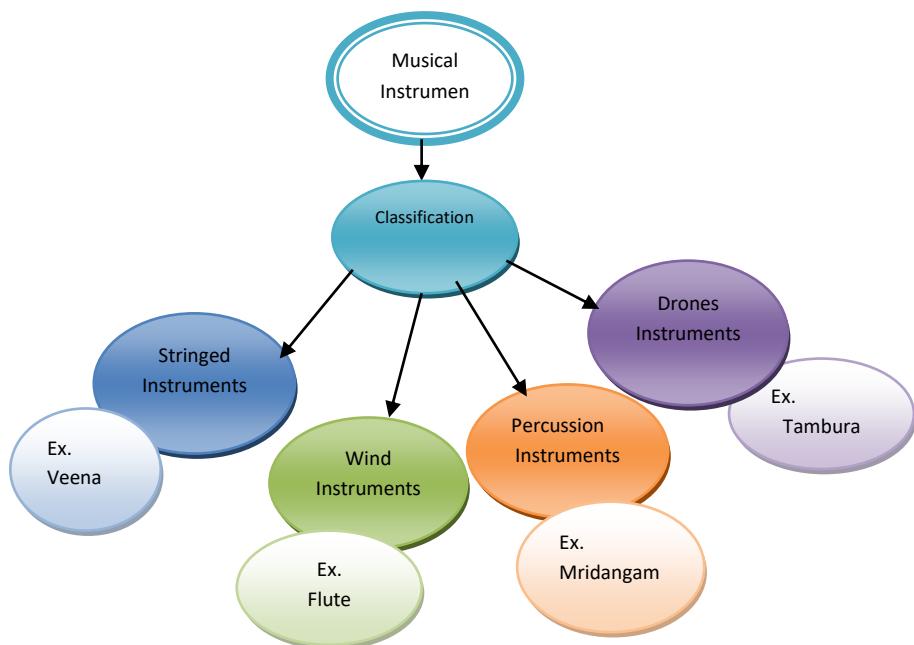


CARNATIC MUSIC (243)

SL.No	Title of The Lesson	Skill	Activity
6	General Classification of Musical Instruments	Appreciation ability, Creative thinking, Critical thinking, Problem Solving	Visiting Library and study master copy to understand the classification of musical instruments

Meaning

Archeological excavations give us the trail to believe different varieties of Musical Instruments used by Indians, which dates back to millions of years. An expedition throughout India will disclose hundreds of instruments, belonging to the stringed, wind and percussion groups, each with a distinct shape, quality of tone, and technique of play. Instruments made of wood, bamboo, metal, and mud all shows our ancestor's inclination towards music and expertise in making distinct varieties of instruments and the techniques in playing.



Sl No.	Type of Musical Instruments	Details about the Instruments	Examples
1	Stringed Instruments	Tata Vaadya or Stringed instruments are those in which sound is produced by setting the strings into vibration. Music can be played in several ways in the stringed variety of instruments.	Examples of this type are- Veena, Gottuvadyam, Sitar, Sarod, Guitar, Tambura, Ektar and Dotar.

CARNATIC MUSIC (243)

2	Wind Instruments	In Sushira Vaadya or wind instruments the sound is produced by the vibration of a column of air in a tube. The column of air is set to vibration by a blast of air directed into the tube.	Example of these types is: - Flute, Nagaswaram, Kombu, Ekkalam, Conch, Magudi and many others.
3	Percussion Instruments	Avanadha Vaadya or Percussion instruments are those in which the sound is produced by the vibration of a stretched skin or by the vibration caused by striking two solid pieces of metal or wood together.	Played by two hands. Example - Mridangam. Heads are struck by two sticks, Example- Damaram, Nagar, etc. Only one side of the instrument is played by hand or stick like in Khanjira, Timila, Edaikka and Chenta.
4	Drones Instruments	Drones give out the key tone or adhara shadja to the singer or player. It is an indispensable part of a concert. Drones give stability and richness to a performance and are of a great help in creating a musical atmosphere.	Example of these types is :- Tanpura

Do You Know	Let's Do	Extend Your Horizon	Maximize Your Marks
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Our ancestors have adapted several foreign Instruments of different civilizations. Indian music adapted several foreign instruments and incorporated into our music system such as violin, Harmonium, mandolin etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Visit the library or music studio and collect some references about the musical instruments. Try to play and practice at least any one instrument. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read and write more about the imitations of musical instruments. Listen more demonstration of theory and as well as practical class of these exercises of Carnatic music. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read and write the definition and more explanation of musical instruments. Read reference books to know about more information of musical instruments.

Evaluate Yourself
1. Why the flute is

CARNATIC MUSIC (243)

considered as a wind instrument?
2. Write in brief about the importance of Drone instrument in the time of concert?
3. Write the important features of Percussion instruments.