# National Institute of Open Schooling <br> Senior Secondary Course: Chemistry <br> Chapter- 1 (Atoms, Molecules and Chemical arithmetic) Worksheet-1 



1. The mass of a piece of phosphorus is 99.3 g . How many moles of phosphorus are present in it? (The atomic mass of phosphorus is 31 amu ).
2. Calculate the molar mass of each of the following in $\mathrm{gmol}^{-1}$.
(i) Sodium Hydroxide, $(\mathrm{NaOH})$
(ii) Copper Sulphate, $\left(\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} .5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$
(iii) Sodium Carbonate, $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \cdot 10 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$
(iv) Aluminium Sulphate, $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$
3. How many moles of $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ will weigh 5 grams.
4. If you need $1.0 \times 10^{23}$ molecules of nitrogen for the reaction $\mathrm{N}_{2}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ then:
(a) How many mass (in grm) of nitrogen is required?
(b) How many quantities of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ will be formed from $1.0 \times 10^{23}$ molecules in the above mentioned process?
(c) What is the volume of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ gas at STP in (b)?
5. Write down the empirical formula for the following:
$\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}, \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6}, \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}, \mathrm{KCl}$
6. The empirical formula of glucose is $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. Whose Formula mass is 30 amu . If the molecular mass of glucose is 150 amu then, what is the molecular formula of glucose?
7. Write down the percentage of Fe and O for $\mathrm{F}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ compounds.
8. A 2.4 gram compound of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen yields 3.52 grams of carbon dioxide $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$ and 1.44 grams of water $\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$. If the molecular mass of the compound is found to be 60 amu then:
(a) What is the mass of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen in 2.4 g of the compound.
(b) What is the empirical and molecular formula of the compound?
9. In the following reaction:
$\mathrm{CH}_{4}(\mathrm{~g})+2 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l})$
(a) How much mass of oxygen will be required for the complete reaction of $24 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{CH}_{4}$ ?
(b) How much mass of $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ will be required to react 96 g of oxygen?
10. Industrially caustic soda $(\mathrm{NaOH})$ can be prepared by reacting sodium carbonate $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)$ with slaked lime. How many grams of sodium hydroxide $(\mathrm{NaOH})$ will be obtained when 2.0 kg of sodium carbonate $\left(\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)$ is reacted with calcium hydroxide $\left(\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\right)$.
